<u>Submission from thinkbroadband.com relating to roll-out and take-up of</u> <u>superfast broadband in Wales</u>

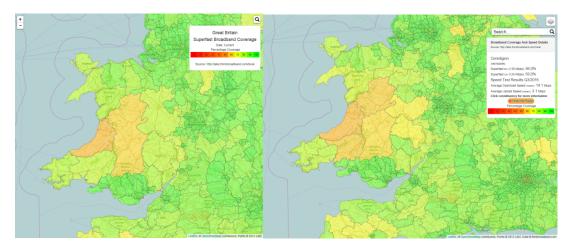
Submitted as evidence to the National Assembly's Economy, Infrastructure and Skills Committee.

The data contained in this document was sourced in the period of 28th November to 8th December 2016 and as the roll-outs are still underway there will have been further roll-out. Generally this means a change nationally of 0.4% each month, the latest data is always available at https://labs.thinkbroadband.com/local/wales

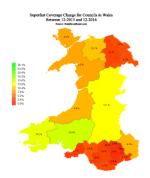
The tracking of availability is based on all the fixed line providers, which generally comprises Openreach, Virgin Media and Hyperoptic in Wales. In addition to the availability we also match a number of years of observed speed test results from the public against the various areas of Wales.

This means we can give insight into coverage, the speeds people receive from the faster services and an estimate of take-up.

The two main views of Wales are the degrees of superfast coverage by local authority and Westminster constituency. The constituency level view with relatively uniform population size also help to give some idea of the areas of high population density.

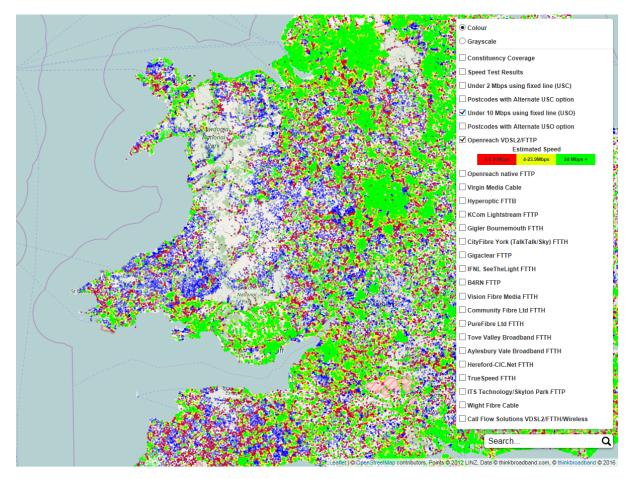


Mid and West Wales are the two areas lagging, but these are also the areas where superfast coverage was low or non-existent a few years ago.



This simpler map highlights the levels of change in the

last 12 months across Wales and is useful to highlight that the roll-outs while not uniform across the areas of Wales is targeting the areas where coverage was lowest. One issue we have learnt is that people sometimes miss construe the uniform colouring of the council and constituency areas, for example with some areas if you a service is delivered to the two major towns of an area you find people in the rural areas dispute the coverage levels. Therefore it is often proven better to show a dot per postcode format such as:



The combined analysis of where superfast broadband is available and speed tests demonstrating people have taken up the service shows an observed takeup of 32%.

In table form coverage as of 7th December for Welsh Parliamentary constituencies with speed test results from Q3/2016 and the Q4 results should be available the first week of January. The rank is based on the full 650 UK set of constituencies.

| Rank (Based on 39 | Constituency | More Detail | Superf ast | Superfast (Over 30 Mbns - 98.1% | Observed Average Download 18.6 | Average |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|---|--|---------|
| | Rhondda | <u>W07000052</u> | (Over 99.1% | | | |
| 55 | Cardiff West | <u>W07000079</u> | 98.9% | 98.8% | 31.3 | 4.7 |
| 108 | Blaenau Gwent | <u>W07000072</u> | 98.4% | 97.8% | 17.7 | 3.9 |

| Rank (Based | Constituency | More Detail | ast | (Over 30 | Observed Average | Average |
|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 116 | Swansea East | <u>W07000048</u> | | Mhne - 98.2% | 29.3 | Unload 5.1 |
| 174 | Swansea West | <u>W07000047</u> | 97.7% | 97.5% | 31.0 | 4.7 |
| 197 | Cardiff South and Penarth | <u>W0700080</u> | 97.3% | 97.2% | 29.1 | 5.0 |
| 208 | Cardiff North | <u>W07000051</u> | 97.2% | 96.4% | 27.4 | 4.9 |
| 223 | Pontypridd | <u>W07000075</u> | 96.8% | 96.0% | 20.1 | 4.5 |
| 237 | Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney | <u>W07000071</u> | 96.6% | 95.3% | 18.1 | 3.9 |
| 246 | Cynon Valley | <u>W07000070</u> | 96.5% | 95.4% | 18.0 | 4.1 |
| 250 | Cardiff Central | <u>W07000050</u> | 96.4% | 96.1% | 28.8 | 4.5 |
| 251 | Islwyn | <u>W07000077</u> | 96.4% | 94.6% | 18.7 | 4.2 |
| 262 | Caerphilly | <u>W07000076</u> | 96.2% | 94.6% | 18.8 | 4.1 |
| 268 | Torfaen | <u>W07000053</u> | 96.1% | 94.8% | 20.9 | 4.1 |
| 278 | Newport West | <u>W07000056</u> | 95.9% | 95.5% | 27.8 | 4.8 |
| 291 | Aberavon | <u>W07000049</u> | 95.9% | 95.2% | 31.2 | 4.9 |
| 295 | Newport East | <u>W07000055</u> | 95.8% | 95.5% | 24.7 | 4.3 |
| 317 | Bridgend | <u>W07000073</u> | 95.5% | 94.6% | 19.5 | 4.6 |
| 338 | Alyn and Deeside | <u>W07000043</u> | 95.1% | 94.1% | 18.5 | 3.9 |
| 369 | Wrexham | <u>W07000044</u> | 94.2% | 93.4% | 17.0 | 3.7 |
| 381 | Ogmore | <u>W07000074</u> | 93.9% | 90.9% | 16.5 | 3.6 |
| 405 | Llanelli | <u>W07000045</u> | 93.1% | 91.7% | 16.5 | 3.7 |
| 411 | Neath | <u>W07000069</u> | 93.1% | 92.0% | 23.5 | 3.9 |
| 439 | Vale of Clwyd | <u>W07000060</u> | 91.9% | 90.9% | 18.2 | 3.8 |
| 451 | Vale of Glamorgan | <u>W07000078</u> | 91.3% | 90.6% | 24.4 | 4.0 |
| 453 | Gower | <u>W07000046</u> | 91.1% | 90.3% | 22.2 | 4.0 |

| Rank (Based | Constituency | More Detail | Superf ast (Over | Superfast (Over 30 | Observed Average | Average |
|----------------|--|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------|
| 520 | Aberconwy | <u>W07000058</u> | 86.6% | 85.1% | 15.9 | 3.5 |
| 522 | Arfon | <u>W07000057</u> | 86.5% | 84.1% | 16.6 | 3.6 |
| 545 | Delyn | <u>W07000042</u> | 84.4% | 82.6% | 17.7 | 3.6 |
| 575 | Clwyd West | <u>W07000059</u> | 81.2% | 80.2% | 15.1 | 3.3 |
| 587 | Ynys Mon | <u>W07000041</u> | 79.7% | 78.0% | 16.6 | 3.5 |
| 590 | Monmouth | <u>W07000054</u> | 79.6% | 77.9% | 15.8 | 3.5 |
| 597 | Preseli Pembrokeshire | <u>W07000065</u> | 78.6% | 76.7% | 16.3 | 3.4 |
| 598 | Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire | <u>W07000066</u> | 78.4% | 76.9% | 15.9 | 3.5 |
| 609 | Clwyd South | <u>W07000062</u> | 76.5% | 74.3% | 14.8 | 3.2 |
| 616 | Dwyfor Meirionnydd | <u>W07000061</u> | 74.0% | 72.1% | 16.8 | 3.6 |
| 636 | Brecon and Radnorshire | <u>W07000068</u> | 63.5% | 62.1% | 12.5 | 2.5 |
| 637 | Carmarthen East and Dinefwr | <u>W07000067</u> | 62.5% | 59.8% | 11.8 | 2.7 |
| 638 | Montgomeryshire | <u>W07000063</u> | 62.1% | 60.5% | 12.6 | 2.5 |
| 646 | Ceredigion | <u>W07000064</u> | 58.1% | 56.1% | 14.1 | 3.1 |

One very important aspect of the SuperfastCymru roll-out is the availability of fibre to the premises this is running at 1.4% currently and rises to 1.56% once you factor in the presence of Hyperoptic. We are aware of a large amount of Openreach FTTP that is in the build stages, and this is likely to be in the order of another 2-3% which based on our analysis would put Wales well past the 90% superfast mark, and ensure the original goal of 96% fibre based broadband availability was met.

The biggest challenge appears to be convincing people that the project is delivering, and as those who are still to benefit are becoming increasingly vocal ensuring clear communication as to when they will see an improvement is important.

Additionally there are many who may be confused e.g. the talk is all about superfast broadband, but there are plenty who would benefit from upgrading from slow ADSL services to VDSL2 even when it can only deliver 10 to 15 Mbps.